

**Distance Teaching and Learning**  
**Year 6 Reading – Week Commencing 27.04.2020**

Session Number	Book	Reading Expectation	Follow-Up Task
Session One	Greece (2012) by Ann O Squire	<p>Chapter 7: People, Language &amp; Learning</p> <p>Please read pages 82-91 independently or to an adult. If you are finding the text too tricky to read, ask an adult to read it to you and share the book together.</p>	<p>Answer the following questions in full sentences.</p> <p>1) Without using a dictionary, can you define the following words? Read around the word – does the sentence or the paragraph the word is in give you a clue at the definition?</p> <p>a) Influx (p83)            b) Immigrant (p83)            c) Turmoil (p83)            d) Purify (p86)</p> <p>2) Why has there been a heavy influx of immigrants to Greece since the late twentieth century? (p83)</p> <p>3) Why did it take so long for Greece to find a common language (a language that everyone spoke)? (p84-86)</p> <p>4) Give <b>two</b> examples from the book of how Greek letters are used to represent certain concepts within mathematics and other sciences. (p88)</p> <p>5) As of 2012 (when the book was published), how many universities were there in Greece? (p91)</p> <p>6) Give <b>two</b> reasons why many young Greeks go out of the country (abroad) for their higher education. (p91)</p>
Session Two	Greece (2012) by Ann O Squire	<p>Chapter 8: A Spiritual Land</p> <p>Please read pages 92-101 independently or to an adult. If you are finding the text too tricky to read, ask an adult to read it to you and share the book together.</p>	<p>Answer the following questions in full sentences.</p> <p>1) Without using a dictionary, can you define the following words? Read around the word – does the sentence or the paragraph the word is in give you a clue at the definition?</p> <p>a) Minority (p93)            b) Patriarch (p95)</p> <p>2) What is meant by the term ‘proselytising’? (p93)</p> <p>3) Which word or page 93 means illegal or banned?</p> <p>4) True or false?</p> <p>a) Muslims are Greece’s largest religious group. (p93)            b) Greece was the first place in Europe where St Paul preached Christianity. (p94)            c) Only men can become priests in Greece. (p96)            d) Greece has exactly 150 monasteries. (p97)</p> <p>5) The word ‘icon’ comes from the Greek word meaning what? (p100)</p> <p>6) Besides attending church services, give <b>three</b> other ways in which Greek people celebrate religious festivals. (p101)</p>
	Greece (2012)	<p>Chapter 9: Culture and Fun</p> <p>Please read pages 102 – 111</p>	<p>Answer the following questions in full sentences.</p> <p>1) What do traditional Greek folk dancers costumes look like? (p103)</p> <p>2) How do fans show their appreciation for bands in nightclubs? (p105)</p>

Session Three	by Ann O Squire	independently or to an adult. If you are finding the text too tricky to read, ask an adult to read it to you and share the book together.	<p>3) Without using a dictionary, can you define excavate? Read around the word – does the sentence or the paragraph the word is in give you a clue at the definition? (p108)</p> <p>4) Without using a dictionary, can you define frenzy? Read around the word – does the sentence or the paragraph the word is in give you a clue at the definition? (p111)</p> <p>5) What was the motto of the 2004 Summer Olympic Games and why? (p111)</p> <p>6) What two pieces of sporting news might have made headlines in Greece in 2004? (p111)</p>
Session Four	Greece (2012) by Ann O Squire	<p>Chapter 10: Scenes of Daily Life</p> <p>Please read pages 112 – 127 independently or to an adult. If you are finding the text too tricky to read, ask an adult to read it to you and share the book together.</p>	<p>Answer the following questions in full sentences.</p> <p>1) Why is there barely enough housing for people to live in in Athens? (p113)</p> <p>2) Can you identify three reasons why people would want to live in Athens? (p113)</p> <p>3) Can you identify one reason why people would not want to live in Athens? (p113-114)</p> <p>4) Without using a dictionary, can you define dwellers? Read around the word – does the sentence or the paragraph the word is in give you a clue at the definition? (p114)</p> <p>5) What is souvlaki? (p120)</p> <p>6) What meat is traditionally eaten in Greece on Christmas day? (p127)</p>
Session Five	Greece (2012) by Ann O Squire	<p>Timeline, fun facts and index</p> <p>Please read pages 128-138 independently or to an adult. If you are finding the text too tricky to read, ask an adult to read it to you and share the book together.</p>	<p>Answer the following questions in full sentences.</p> <p>1) What 3 things happened between Greece joining the European Economic Community and the Olympics in Athens?</p> <p>2) Order these 4 events in chronological order. Human lands on the moon, World War 2 begins, Summer Olympics held in Athens, The Vietnam war ends.</p> <p>3) What is the highest mountain in Greece?</p> <p>4) What countries border Greece?</p> <p>5) What is the most popular landmark in Crete?</p> <p>6) Using the index, on what pages can you find information about Crete?</p>

### Mark Scheme

Session Number	Follow-Up Task Answers
Session One	<p>1)</p> <p>a) Influx: an arrival or entry of large numbers of people or things; a rush of something.</p> <p>b) Immigrant: a person who comes to live permanently in a foreign country.</p> <p>c) Turmoil: a state of disturbance, confusion or uncertainty.</p> <p>d) Purify: to clean or refine something; make sure something is not polluted.</p> <p>2) Newcomers seek safety and a better way of life (as they are often fleeing from war-torn countries or countries where the Government has collapsed).</p> <p>3) In ancient Greece, people from different regions spoke different dialects (particular forms of language) and it took a long time for everyone to therefore come together and agree on a common language for all of Greece.</p> <p>4) The letter Pi (<math>\pi</math>) is used to represent the ratio of a circle's circumference (the length around the circle) to its diameter (the length across the circle) in maths, and the letter delta (<math>\Delta</math>) refers to the triangular pattern of streams at a river's mouth.</p>

	<p>5) As of 2012, there were <b>24 (two dozen)</b> universities in Greece.</p> <p>6) Many young Greeks go abroad for their higher education because Greek universities get more applicants than they can accept and they are also not able to buy the most up-to-date teaching equipment.</p>
Session Two	<p>1)</p> <p>a) Minority: the smaller number or part.</p> <p>b) Patriarch: the male leader or head of something.</p> <p>2) Proselytising means trying to convert others to one's own religion.</p> <p>3) The word '<b>outlawed</b>' means illegal or banned.</p> <p>4) (True or false?)</p> <p>a) Muslims are Greece's largest religious group – <b>False</b> (98% are Greek Orthodox with only 1.3% Muslim; however, Muslims are Greece's largest religious minority)</p> <p>b) Greece was the first place in Europe where St Paul preached Christianity – <b>True</b></p> <p>c) Only men can become priests in Greece – <b>True</b></p> <p>d) Greece has exactly 150 monasteries – <b>False</b> (Greece has more than two hundred monasteries)</p> <p>5) The word 'icon' comes from the Greek word meaning '<b>image</b>'.</p> <p>6) Greek people also celebrate religious festivals by feasting, singing and dancing.</p>
Session Three	<p>1) Traditional Greek folk dancers wear wide-sleeved white shirts and black high boots if they are men. Women wear headscarves and colourful aprons.</p> <p>2) Fans compliment bands by throwing flowers and napkins on stage.</p> <p>3) The word excavated refers to something that has been dug up or removed from the earth.</p> <p>4) The word frenzy means to be uncontrolled or wild.</p> <p>5) The motto of the Summer Olympic games in 2004 was Welcome Home! Because the very first Olympic games in ancient times took place in Athens.</p> <p>6) In 2004 the Summer Olympic games were held in Athens and Greece's National football team won the European Football Championship.</p>
Session Four	<p>1) There is barely enough housing for all of the people that live in Athens because so many people have moved from rural areas to live in urban cities.</p> <p>2) People want to live in Athens because there are lots of things to do (restaurants, movie theatres), there are historic monuments and there are lots of places to work (office buildings).</p> <p>3) People might not want to live in Athens because it is very crowded and there is lots of pollution.</p> <p>4) A dweller is someone that lives in a specific place e.g. a mountain dweller lives on a mountain.</p> <p>5) Souvlaki is chunks of meat, tomato and onion cooked on a skewer.</p> <p>6) Traditionally roast pork is eaten in Greece on Christmas Day.</p>
Session Five	<p>1) The 3 events which took place between Greece joining the European Economic Community and the Olympics in Athens are the Berlin wall being torn down, The Soviet Union breaking into separate states and a terrorist attack in New York.</p> <p>2) The order of the events are 1. World War 2 begins. 2. Human lands on the moon. 3. The Vietnam war ends. 4. Summer Olympics held in Athens.</p> <p>3) The highest mountain in Greece is Mount Olympus.</p> <p>4) The countries that border Greece are Albania, Bulgaria and the Republic of Macedonia and Turkey.</p> <p>5) The most popular landmark in Crete is Knossos Palace.</p> <p>6) The pages you can find information about Crete are pages 16, 18, 23, 25, 27, 34, 87, 108 and 109.</p>